ORDINANCE NO. 908

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE STAYTON MUNICIPAL CODE, TITLE 17 TO ESTABLISH DESIGN STANDARDS FOR INDUSTRIAL USES

WHEREAS, Oregon Revised Statutes, Chapter 197 requires municipalities to adopt and implement a comprehensive land use planning program in accordance with statewide planning goals established by the Legislature and the Oregon Land Conservation and Development Commission;

WHEREAS, the Stayton Comprehensive Plan and Title 17, Land Use and Development, of the Stayton Municipal Code (SMC), Section 17.20.200, currently contains site design and architectural standards for all non-residential construction;

WHEREAS, application of these standards has revealed they are inappropriate for industrial development, having been drafted to focus on retail uses and other commercial development;

WHEREAS, the City Council promotes appropriate new industrial development in the City and does not wish to constrain that development through the application of inappropriate standards;

WHEREAS, the City Council finds it desirable to promote the quality of appearance in the industrial zones and minimize the impacts of industrial development on neighboring residential properties;

WHEREAS, following a public hearing, the Stayton Planning Commission has unanimously recommended that the Stayton City Council enact the proposed design standards for industrial developments; and,

WHEREAS, following a public hearing, the Stayton City Council deems the proposed amendments to comply with the provisions of the Comprehensive Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Stayton City Council does ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. Stayton Municipal Code, Title 17, Sections 17.04.100, 17.20.070, and 17.20.200 are amended and new Section 17.20.230 is enacted as shown on Exhibit A attached hereto and incorporated herein.

SECTION 2. Upon adoption by the Stayton City Council and Mayor's signing, this Ordinance shall become effective 30 days after the date of signing.

SECTION 3. A copy of this Ordinance shall be furnished to the State of Oregon, Department of Land Conservation and Development forthwith.

ADOPTED BY THE STAYTON CITY COUNCIL this 6th day of April, 2009.

CITY OF STAYTON

Signed: <u>AMIL 8</u>, 2009

Gerry Aboud, Mayor

Don Eubank, City Administrator

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

David A. Rhoten, City Attorney

Additions are underlined; deletions are

Part 1. Amend the definition of Open Storage Area in Section 17.04.100 to read as
follows.

OPEN STORAGE AREA: An area on a lot where the main use stores or displays <u>materials</u>, equipment, finished product, or merchandise or provides long-term parking for vehicles in its fleet.

Part 2. Amend the requirements for Open Storage Areas in Section 17.020.070.1 to establish a standard for the surface material of these areas.

- 1. Open Storage Areas. Where allowed by zoning districts, the development and use of open storage areas shall conform to the following standards.
 - a. Open storage areas shall not occupy designated parking areas.
 - b. In Commercial zones, open storage areas located between the street right-of-way and the building shall not exceed 25% of the area between the front lot line and a parallel line drawn from the nearest point of the building. In Industrial Zones, open storage areas located between the street right-of-way and the building shall not exceed 50% of the area between the front lot line and parallel line drawn from the nearest point of the building unless screening is provided in accordance with section 17.20.090.12.
 - c. Open storage areas must be provided with a stable surface such as crushed stone or gravel and need not be paved except all driveways and loading areas shall meet the requirements of Section 17.20.060.10.b.

The surface of such area shall be maintained at all times, except that all driveways and loading areas shall be paved as required in Section 17.20.060.10.b.

- - 1. PURPOSE. The purpose of the commercial standards to ensure that the public health, safety and general welfare are protected and the general interest of the public is served. The standards provide for originality, flexibility, and innovation in site planning and development including architecture, landscaping, parking design and enhancement of the special characteristics that make Stayton a unique place to live. The standards of this section apply in the Commercial Zones to all types of non-residential development and to any building with a mix of non-residential and residential uses. (Ord. 898, August 20, 2007) (Amended Ord. 902, May 7, 2008)

Part 5. Enact a new Section 17.20.230 to establish design standards for development in the Industrial zones.

17.20.230 INDUSTRIAL DESIGN STANDARDS

 PURPOSE. The purpose of the industrial design standards is to provide for originality, flexibility, and innovation in site planning and development in the Industrial Zones while maintaining a standard that improves the appearance of the zones and protects neighboring residential properties from the potential impacts of industrial development. The standards of this section apply to all new construction, additions and exterior alterations in the Industrial Zones.

SITE DESIGN.

 Height Step Down. To provide compatible scale and relationships between new multi-story industrial buildings and existing adjacent dwellings not in an industrial zone, the multi-story Formatted: Left: 0.7", Right: 0.7", Top: 0.6", Bottom: 0.5", Not Different first page

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Exhibit A

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Design Standards for Industrial Uses

building shall "step down" to create a building height transition to adjacent single-story dwellings.

The transition standard is met when the height of any portion of the taller structure does not exceed 3 feet in height for every 2 feet separating that portion of the multi-story building from the adjacent dwelling. This provision shall apply to any industrial building with a vertical wall height of 14 feet or more, regardless of whether the interior contains more than one story.

- Outdoor Service Areas. Outdoor service areas shall either face an interior area, side or rear
 property line, a separate service corridor, a service alley, or a service courtyard.
 - If the location of an outdoor service area as proscribed by this Section is difficult to
 accommodate because of site considerations, the decision authority may determine that the
 service area may be located in another location with additional screening requirements.
 - 2) Screening of outdoor service areas. Screening shall be provided when an outdoor service area is adjacent to a property in residential use or adjacent to a residential zone. Screening shall also be provided to soften the effects of outdoor service areas as they may be viewed from a public street.
 - a) Outdoor service areas shall be screened either with evergreen hedge or solid fence of materials similar to the rest of the development that is a minimum of 6 feet in height.
 - b) When the outdoor service area is more than 300 feet from a neighboring residence, screening is not required.
- c. Parking Areas. In addition to the requirements of Section 17.20.060, parking areas shall meet the requirements of Section 17.20.090.12.

3. ARCHITECTURAL STANDARDS.

- a. Pedestrian Orientation. The design of all new buildings on a site shall support a safe pedestrian environment. This standard is met when the decision authority finds that all of the following criteria are met:
 - 1) Primary building entrances shall have walkways connecting to the street sidewalk.
 - Any portion of an industrial building that is used for sales to the public shall meet the architectural standards of Section 17.20.2004.
- b. Standards for breaks in building facade.
 - 1) For all buildings more than 75 feet long:
 - a) A pitched roof building shall have a break in the roof plane or wall, or articulation of the building face at least every 50 feet.
 - b) A flat roof building shall have a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane, or articulation of the building face at least every 50 feet.
 - c) Wall changes may be accomplished by use of differing architectural materials or building siding and need not be physical changes in the wall plane.
 - d) Horizontal and vertical offsets required by this Section shall relate to the overall design and organization of the building, its entrances, and door and window treatments. Features shall be designed to emphasize building entrances.
 - e) The above standards shall not apply to walls not visible from a public street or from neighboring residential properties within the city limits.

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Exhibit A

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Design Standards for Industrial Uses

4. LIGHTING. All new industrial development shall provide a lighting plan that meets the standards of Section 17.20.170.

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Exhibit A

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